# GANPAT UNIVERSITY B. TECH. (CE/IT/EC/BM&I) SEM. I CBCS REGULAR EXAMINATION NOV./DEC.-2012 ME 102 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

## [Time: 3 Hour]

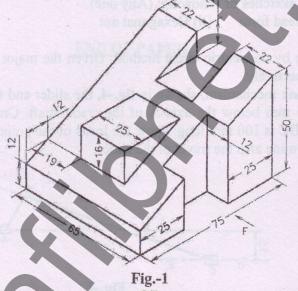
[Total marks: 70]

## Instructions:

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Right figure indicate full marks.
- (3) Retain all the construction/ projection lines.
- (4) Figures drawn in the question paper are not to the scale.
- (5) Use your own judgment of dimensions which are not given.
- (6) All dimensions in the sketches are in mm.

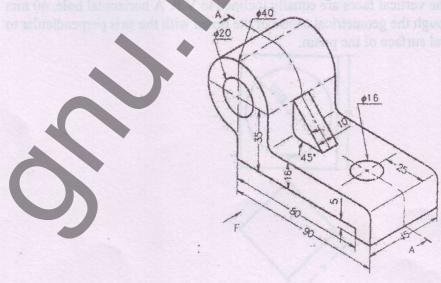
## **SECTION-I**

Que.1 The pictorial view of an object is shown in fig.-1. Draw F.V., S.V. and T.V. of the object [12] using 1<sup>st</sup> angle projection method.



OR

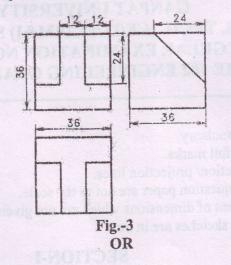
Que.1 Using 3<sup>rd</sup> angle projection method, draw Sectional Front View along A-A, Right Hand Side [12] View and Top View of the object shown in fig.-2.





1 of 3

Que.2 Front view, side view and top view of object are shown in fig.-3. Draw its isometric view.



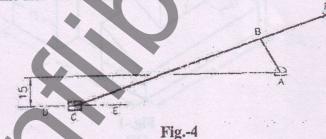
### Oue.2

- (A) Draw an epicycloid having a generating circle of diameter 50 mm and a directing curve of [8] radius 100 mm. Also draw normal and tangent at any point M on the curve. [3]
  - Draw free hand sketches of following: (Any one)
    - (ii) Hexagonal nut (i) Square thread form

#### Que.3

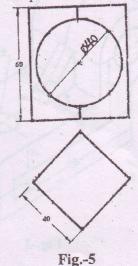
**(B)** 

- Draw an ellipse by concentric circle method. Given the major and minor axes as 120 mm [06] (A) and 80 mm respectively.
- In the offset crank mechanism, shown in fig.-4, the slider end C moves in the guides along [06] **(B)** the line DE, 15 mm below the axis A of the crank shaft. Crank AB is 20 mm long and connecting rod BC is 100 mm long. Draw the locus of the point P, 35 mm from B along CB produced. Determine also the travel of the slider.



# SECTION - II

Que:4 As shown in fig.-5, a square prism of 40 mm side length and 60 mm height rests on its base [12] upon H.P., such that the vertical faces are equally inclined to V.P. A horizontal hole, 40 mm diameter is drilled through the geometrical centre of the prism with the axis perpendicular to V.P. Develop the lateral surface of the prism.



- Que:4 A hexagonal plane of 30 mm side stands with one of its edges parallel to and 16 mm in front [12] of V.P., such that the surface is 40° inclined to V.P. If the edge parallel to V.P. is inclined at 50° to H.P., draw the projections of the plane.
- Que:5 A square prism of base edge 28 mm and axis 56 mm rests upon H.P. on one of its base [11] corners, such that its axis is inclined at 30° to H.P. and the base edges forming the resting corner are equally inclined to H.P. If the axis is inclined 45° in the top view, draw its projections.
  - OR
- Que:5 A cylinder, diameter of base 43 mm and height 58 mm is resting on H.P. on its base. It is [11] cut by A.I.P. inclined at 45° to H.P. bisecting the axis. Draw three projections with section and find the true shape of section.

#### Que:6

(A) A line AB, 60 mm long has its end A in the H.P. and 20 mm in front of V.P. If the line is [8] 45° inclined to H.P. and 30° inclined to V.P., draw its projections.

[4]

- (B) Sketch following lines and write their uses.(Any two)
  - (i) Cutting Plane line (ii) Long brake line (iii) Hidden line

### END OF PAPER