

## GANPAT UNIVERSITY

B. Tech. Semester – III Information Technology  
 Regular Examination November- December, 2014  
 2IT302: Computer System Organization

Time: 3 Hours]

[Total Marks: 70]

## Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Each section should be written in a separate answer book.

## SECTION-I

- Q-1** A. Convert the base of following numbers. Also show the process of conversion. [6]
1.  $(123.45)_{10} = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})_3$
  2.  $(\text{FA32B.A2})_{16} = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})_8$
  3.  $(10100100.1011)_2 = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})_{10}$
- B. Express following functions in product of maxterm form. [6]
1.  $F(A,B,C) = A(B+C')$
  2.  $F(X,Y,Z) = XY + X'$
- OR**
- Q-1** A. Convert the following number base. Also show the process of conversion. [6]
1.  $(10589.25)_{10} = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})_2$
  2.  $(123456.70)_8 = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})_{16}$
  3.  $(1100101.0101)_2 = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})_8$
- B. Express following functions in sum of minterm form. [6]
1.  $F(A,B,C) = (A+B)(A'+C)$
  2.  $F(X,Y,Z) = XY + XZ'$
- Q-2** A. What is importance of parity bit in communication? Design odd parity generator circuit for 3 bit binary message. [5]
- B. What is binary parallel adder? Draw the circuit diagram of 4-bit binary parallel adder. [6]
- OR**
- Q-2** A. Design Octal to Binary encoder circuit. [3]
- B. Draw the circuit diagram for function  $F(A,B,C,D) = A'BC + AD + A(B+CD)$ . [3]
- C. Implement full adder circuit using suitable decoder and basic gates. [5]
- Q-3** A. Do as directed. [6]
1. Give reflected code of 10110.
  2. Write 2's complement of 10000.
  3. Write excess 3 code of 1010.
  4. Write complement of  $(A+B'C)$ .
  5. Write dual of  $X+0 = X$ .
  6. Give 1's complement of 10010.
- B. Minimize the Boolean function  $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma(0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14) + d(1, 5, 13, 9)$  using K-map method. [6]

## SECTION-II

- Q-4 A. Design a counter that counts 00 to 11 using D flip-flop. [6]  
B. Simplify function  $F(W,X,Y,Z) = \sum(0,4,5,6,10,12,14,15)$  using tabular method. [6]

OR

- Q-4 A. Implement and explain master slave flip-flop in detail. [6]  
B. Design a circuit for following function using multiplexer.  
 $F(X;Y,Z) = \sum(1,2,4,7)$  [6]

- Q-5 A. A memory location C202 contains 43 data. Write an ALP to convert this data to 34. [5]  
Store the modified number to location D250.  
B. Load the accumulator by 65 and get another number from memory location C300. [6]  
Add these two numbers. If carry is generated then store 01 to register D otherwise  
store 02 to register D.

OR

- Q-5 A. A memory location D255 contains DA data. Mask the bits D0, D1, D2 and D5 of the [5]  
given data and store result to memory location C261.  
B. Subtract two numbers stored at memory locations C201 and C250. If result of [6]  
subtraction is zero then store 01 to register H otherwise store 02 to register H.

- Q-6 A. Answer the followings. [8]  
1. How many memory locations can be addressed using 10 bits?  
2. How many bits require to access 2048 memory locations?  
3. Write two 3-bytes instructions of 8085.  
4. What is the size of data bus and address bus of 8085 microprocessor?  
B. Identify addressing modes (Direct or Indirect or Immediate) for following 8085 [4]  
instructions.

1. SUB B                  3. LDAX B  
2. LDA 2300              4. MVI A,33

END OF PAPER