

GANPAT UNIVERSITY

B. Tech. Semester V (Information Technology)

Regular Examination November – December 2014

2IT503: Computer Graphics

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 70

Instruction:

1. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
2. Each section should be written in a separate answer book.
3. Be precise and to the point in your answer.

Section I

Que.-1

- A Explain Refresh CRT in detail with diagram. 3
- B Show that transformation matrix for a reflection about the line $y = x$, is equivalent to a reflection relative to the x axis followed by a counterclockwise rotation of 90° . 4
- C Simulate the points for an ellipse having $r_x = 12$ and $r_y = 15$ with center point $(x_c, y_c) = (0, 0)$ using midpoint ellipse algorithm. 5

OR

Que.-1

- A Write application of computer graphics in various fields. 4
- B Explain and state the color filling algorithm, which is used to fill an area bordered by several different color regions. 4
- C Show that the reflection of an object about the origin is equivalent to a single rotation about the coordinate origin with $\Theta = 180^\circ$. 4

Que.-2

- A If the triangle $A(1,1), B(2,1), C(1,3)$ is scaled by $s_x = s_y = 2$, find the new coordinates of the triangle and then apply 45° rotation on scaled triangle about origin and find final position of the triangle. 5
- B Explain Cohen-Sutherland line clipping algorithm and find clipped line (Interior) for the line $P1(X_1, Y_1) \rightarrow (1, 20)$ $P2(X_2, Y_2) \rightarrow (40, 38)$
Window size: $(XW_{min}, YW_{min}) = (4, 12)$ and $(XW_{max}, YW_{max}) = (35, 40)$ 6

OR

Que.-2

- A Perform 30° rotation on the rectangle $(0,0), (2,0), (2, 2), (0, 2)$ about centroid of rectangle and find the new coordinates of the rectangle. 5
- B Explain Liang-Barsky line clipping algorithm and find clipped line (Interior) for the line $P1(X_1, Y_1) \rightarrow (8, 8)$ $P2(X_2, Y_2) \rightarrow (14, 2)$
Window size: $(XW_{min}, YW_{min}) = (10, 4)$ and $(XW_{max}, YW_{max}) = (20, 9)$ 6

Que.-3

- A Define following terms: 7
- | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| 1. Aspect Ratio | 4. Morphing | 7. Viewing- |
| 2. Vertical Retrace | 5. Diffuse reflection | transformation |
| 3. Resolution | 6. Persistence | |
- B Answer the following: 3
1. The _____ method has been used for displaying color pictures with random-scan monitors.
 2. We can control the location of a scaled object by choosing a position, called _____.
 3. What is the size of frame buffer for the raster system with resolution 512×512 to store 3 bits per pixel?
- C Explain loading of frame buffer and derive the equation to calculate the address of pixels $(x, y), (x+1, y)$ and $(x+1, y+1)$. 2

Section II

- Que.-4
- A Explain Point clipping and exterior clipping in detail with diagram. 6
 - B What is halftone? Explain halftone approximations in detail. 6

OR

- Que.-4
- A Explain different techniques used to perform text clipping with diagram. 4
 - B What is Rigid body transformation? Explain any two rigid body transformations in detail. 4
 - C Write the short note on following: 4
 - 1) Specular Reflection
 - 2) Ambient Light

- Que.-5
- A Explain RGB color model with diagram. 5
 - B Explain three-dimensional rotation about an axis that is not parallel to any of the coordinate axes. 6

OR

- Que.-5
- A Explain CMY color model with diagram. 5
 - B Explain three dimensional scaling relative to the coordinate origin and derive the matrix for scaling relative to fixed position (x_f, y_f, z_f) . 6

- Que.-6
- A Explain two-dimensional viewing-transformation pipeline and draw block diagram. 3
 - B Differentiate: Random scan system Vs. Raster scan system 3
 - C Write short note on following: 6
 - 1. Visible Line and Surface Identification
 - 2. Surface Rendering

END OF PAPER