

**GANPAT UNIVERSITY****B. Tech SEMESTER VI COMPUTER ENGINEERING / INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY****REGULAR EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE - 2012****CE/IT 603: INFORMATION SYSTEM SECURITY****Time: 3 Hours]****[Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Figures to the right indicate full marks
2. Each section should be written in a separate answer book
3. Be precise and to the point in your answer

**SECTION-I****Q.1**

- (A) Find GCD (1970, 1066) [3]
- (B) Solve the following equation [4]  
 $3x + 5y + 7z = 3 \pmod{16}$   
 $x + 4y + 13z = 3 \pmod{16}$   
 $2x + 7y + 3z = 3 \pmod{16}$
- (C) Find out multiplicative inverse 20 & 50 in GF (101) using extended Euclidean method. [4]

**OR****Q.1**

- (A) Discuss RSA cryptosystem with example. [4]
- (B) Using Fermat's theorem, find out  $22^{-1} \pmod{211}$  [3]
- (C) Elaborate the Fermat primality test for  $n = 561$  [2]
- (D) Find out QR and QNR for  $Z_7^*$  [2]

**Q.2**

- (A) Under **Knapsack cryptosystem**, Given super increasing sequence  $\langle 12 \ 17 \ 33 \ 74 \ 157 \ 316 \rangle$ ,  $M = 737$  and  $W = 635$ , Encrypt number 50 and also decrypt the cipher. (Convert the number in binary form). [4]
- (B) Explain significance of totient function in Euler's theorem with suitable example. [4]
- (C) Write brief short note on [4]  
 i) Broadcast attack  
 ii) Coppersmith Theorem attack

**OR****Q.2**

- (A) Using Chinese Remainder Theorem, solve following set of congruence [4]  
 i)  $x = 5 \pmod{13}$   
 ii)  $x = 3 \pmod{5}$   
 iii)  $x = 6 \pmod{11}$
- (B) What is Primitive root? Find out Primitive roots of  $\langle Z_{11}^*, * \rangle$  [4]
- (C) In RSA given  $p=41$  and  $q=43$ , Public key  $e= 11$ . Encrypt the message  $M = 100$ . Also find out private key  $d$ . [4]

- Q.3**
- (A) Given  $p = 47$ ,  $q = 11$  **Under Rabin cryptosystem**, encrypt message  $M = 19$  to find cipher text, also find equally probable four roots by decrypting cipher text and obtain plain text. [5]
- (B) Explain chosen cipher text attack on RSA with example. [5]
- (C) Explain Related Message attack in brief. [2]

**SECTION-II**

- Q.4**
- (A) Explain Diffie Hellman key exchange algorithm and mathematically proves correctness of algorithm. [6]
- (B) Explain Play Fair cipher and decrypt the following cipher text. [6]  
(Use J / I as combine letter)  
Cipher text: QMAKAGMTWTWTTHMNMEBHDNTS  
Keyword: MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY

**OR**

- Q.4**
- (A) Explain about Network Address Translation (NAT) in brief. If Two users with one IP wants to communicate with single remote host then how NAT perform such communication. [6]
- (B) Discuss about following algorithm modes with diagram. [6]  
1. Electronic Code Block (ECB)  
2. Cipher Block Chaining (CBC)

- Q.5**
- (A) Discuss about Message Authentication Code (MAC) in brief. [4]
- (B) Explain DES with major steps with diagram. [4]
- (C) Alice and Bob want to establish a secret key using the Diffie Hellman key exchange protocol. Assuming the values as  $n = 37$ ,  $g = 5$ ,  $x = 14$ ,  $y = 134$ , Find out the values of A, B and the secret key  $K_1$  and  $K_2$ . [3]

**OR**

- Q.5**
- (A) Discuss about Message Digest with example. [4]
- (B) Discuss about following Terms [4]  
1. Cryptography                      2. Steganography
- (C) Write a short note on Pharming. [3]

- Q.6**
- (A) Compare Double DES and Triple DES. [4]
- (B) Discuss Vigenere classical cipher algorithm with example. [4]
- (C) Encrypt the following message using Variable Caesar cipher algorithm. [4]  
Message: good morning      Key = 4 + position of character

**--- END OF PAPER ---**