GANPAT UNIVERSITY

B. Tech. Semester VI (Computer Engineering / Information Technology)

Regular Examination May / June - 2013

2CE604 / 2IT604 : Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Time: 3 Hour	Total Mar	ks: 70						
pi i	Instruction: 1. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2. Each section should be written in a separate answer book. 3. Be precise and to the point in your answer.							
	and regulation with a section - I							
Q-1(a)	Explain the following terms with example: 1. Incorrect bound 2. Loose bound							
(b)	Show that max($f(n)$, $g(n)$) = Θ ($f(n) + g(n)$)	[4]						
(c)	Prove the following: 1. $f(n) = 5n^3 + 8n^2 + 3n + 2 = O(n^3)$ 2. $f(n) = 9n^2 + 7n + 13 \neq \Omega(n^3)$	[4]						
Q - 1 (a)	Show that $(n + a)^b = \Theta(n^b)$	[4]						
(b)	Prove the followings: 1. $f(n) = 15 n^2 - 5n = \Theta(n^2)$ 2. $f(n) = 7n^2 + 2n + 5 \neq O(n)$ 3. $f(n) = 2n^3 + 6n^2 + 7n = \Omega(n^2)$	[6]						
(c)	Discuss omega notation with graph.	[2]						
Q-2(a)	Solve the recurrence: $T(n) - 3T(n-1) = n 2^n$	[6]						
(b)	Solve the following homogeneous recursion: $T(n) = \begin{cases} n & \text{if } n = 0 \text{ or } 1 \\ T(n-1) + T(n-2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	[3]						
(c)	Solve the recurrence using master method: $T(n) = T(2n/3) + 1$ OR	[2]						
Q-2(a)	Solve using change of variable method: $T(n) = 4 T(n/2) + n^{2}$	[6]						
(b)	Solve the following recurrence: $T(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{, if } n = 0 \\ 12 & \text{, if } n = 1 \\ 2T(n-1) + 3T(n-2), \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$	[3]						
(C)	A substitute of the state of th	[2]						
Q-3 (a)	Solve the recurrence using Tree method: $T(n) = 4 T(n/2) + n$	[3]						
(b)	Define space complexity. Discuss how recursion affects the space complexity.	[3]						
	Find the time complexity for the following function using profiling method: void ABC (int n) { for ($i=0$; $i < n$; $i++$) for ($j=i$; $j>=0$; $j++$) printf ("%d", $i*j$);	[4]						
(d)	Explain empirical and theoretical approach to find time complexity. Page 1 of 2	[2]						

Section - II

- Q-4 (a) Explain divide and conquer method with merge sort algorithm. Give an example.
- [6]

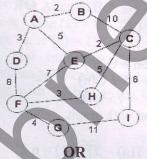
[6]

(b) Explain activity scheduling problem with algorithm and solve following problem. Given a list of activities along with the starting and finishing time:

Activity	A1	12	10	AA	1 4 5		- 6			
-	111	AZ	A3	A4	AS	A6	A7	A8	A9	A10
Start	1	2	3	4	7	8	0	0	.11	10
Finish	3	5	1	7	10	- 0	,	9	11	12
2 444544		3	4	/	10	9	11	13	12	14

OR

- Q-4 (a) Write algorithm for comparison counting and show how comparison counting method sorts the list: 45, 2, 19, 10, 33, 22, 1, 23
- [6]
- Compare normal exponentiation with fast exponentiation. Write algorithm for fast exponentiation. [6]
- Q-5 (a) Explain Dynamic programming concept. Using DP, solve following knapsack [6] instance: Capacity = 4, [w1, w2, w3] = [1, 3, 2] and [p1, p2, p3] = [18, 16, 6]
 - (b) Write Prim's algorithm and Find Minimum Spanning tree for following graph using prim's method.



- What is greedy algorithm? Write down drawback of greedy algorithm and find out making change for 2051 using greedy strategy. The coins available are {500, 200, [6] 50, 10, 2, 1} (b) How divide & conquer differ with Dynamic Programming? Solve binomial
 - [5]
- Q-6(a)What is branch and bound? How it differs from backtracking? Solve the assignment problem for following cost matrix to assign the jobs of 4 persons and draw the state space tree.

coefficient problem using dynamic programming.

[6]

	Job1	Job2	Job3	Job4
Person1	7	3	2	6
Person2	5	2	6	8
Person3	2	5	1	4
Person4	4	6	2	3

Solve the matrix chain multiplication using dynamic programming: A1:13 x 4 A2:4 x 20 A3:20 x 3 A4:3 x 16 A5: 16 x 5

[6]