Student Exam No:-

## **GANPAT UNIVERSITY**

#### **B.Tech. SemesterV CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Regular Examination – November / December: 2012

## <u>3 CI – 505: Environment Engineering-I</u>

#### **Max.Time: 3 Hours**

#### Max. Marks: 70

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Instructions: - (1) Answer to the two sections must be written in separate answer books.

(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(3) Assume suitable data if required.

### Section - ]

- Q-1 Attempt the following Question.
- (A) Define Following Terms:-
  - 1). Mcwane Pipe 2). Sand Spun Pipe.

3).Delavaud pipe 4). Pump

5). Pipe

(B) The following data shows the variation in population of a town from 1930 to 1970. Find out the population of in decades 1990, 2000, 2010, by using incremental increase method.

Year	1930	1940	1950	1960	1970
Population	22200	29500	34750	41250	52000

#### OR

#### Q-1 Attempt the following Question.

- (A) A pumping station, Situated at an Elevation of 610m uses pumps which Required 35Kpa positive suction pressure (NPSH) when delivering water at 20°C.Determine the allowable suction lift of these pumps if the entrance and friction losses are 12Kpa.Take barometric pressure at 610 m altitude as 94 Kpa and Vapour pressure of water at 20°C as 2.35Kpa
- (B) Explain methods of Rain water Harvesting.
- Q-2 Attempt the following Question.
- (A) Explain Classification of Pump and Explain Working of Reciprocating Pump.

- (B) A Steel Penstock, 70 cm in diameter has a shell thickness of 12.5 mm. The module of elasticity of pipe shell material is 2.1X10<sup>10</sup> Kg/mm<sup>2</sup> with the Poisson's ratio of ¼ and the volume modules of elasticity of water is 2.1X10<sup>8</sup> kg/cm<sup>2</sup>. The pipe is designed to discharge water at mean velocity of 2m/sec .Determine the water hammer pressure rise caused by sudden closure of valve at Downstream end:
  - (a) Neglecting the elasticity of pipe material, and
  - (b) Considering the also the elasticity of pipe material.

#### <u>OR</u>

- Q-2 Attempt the following Question.
- (A) Discuss Factors affect that rate of Water Demand.
- (B) How can you remove fluoride contain from rural water?
- Q-3 Attempt the following Question.
- (A) Analyse the pipe network shown in the figure as below. Take C = 100 in the Hazen Williams formula. (2 Trial)
  Inlet At Point A is 35 m<sup>3</sup>/sec.



## Section - II

#### Q-4 Attempt the following:

- (A) Design a Bell mouth canal intake for a city of 9500 persons drawing water from a canal which runs for 10 hours a day with depth of 2m. Also calculate the head loss in the intake conduit if the water treatment works are 0.5 km away. Draw the neat sketch of canal intake. Assume the velocity through the screen and bell mouth to be less than 16cm/sec and 32cm/sec respectively.
- (B) Define the following terms:

1. Sedimentation with Coagulation

3. Surface Loading Rate or Overflow Rate

5. Discrete particles

- 2. Detention Period
- 4. Weir Loading Rate
- 6. Permanent Hardness

<u>OR</u>

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**2-4** Attempt the following:

backwashing. Assume necessary data.

(1)	The population of a town is 1,00,000 and average per conite demand is 125 L DOD	1
(A)	Design the coogulation cum sedimentation tank for the water works much	6
	to the town. The maximum demand man he taken a 1.0 di	
	Assume the detertion newight of 5 has a low in the average demand.	
	Assume the detention periods of 5 hrs and 30 minutes for settling tank and floc	
	chamber respectively, now rate as 900 liters/hour/m <sup>2</sup> of plan area.	
<b>(B)</b>	Enlist important unit operations. Explain Solute Stabilization and Solids Transfer.	6
Q-5	Attempt the following.	
(A)	Briefly explain different types of Feeding devices with neat sketches.	6
<b>(B)</b>	Enlist removal methods for permanent hardness. Explain Zeolite process in detail.	5
. ,	OR	5
0-5	Attempt the following.	
(4)	Describe with the help of reat shotsh had and it is the top the	
(A)	Filter.	5
<b>(B)</b>	Explain Break point chlorination with neat figure and Super chlorination.	6
0-6	Attempt the following	10
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	Design a Rapid Sand Gravity Filter to treat 12 million liters of raw water per day	
	allowing 0.5% of filtered water for backwashing. Half hour per day is used for	

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