

GANPAT UNIVERSITY
B. Tech. Semester: Vth Civil Engineering
Regular Examination Nov – Dec 2015
2CI-505 Environmental Engineering - I

Time: 3 Hours / As per Scheme

Total Marks: 70

Instruction: 1. Figure Right Side Indicate the Marks.

2. Assume Suitable data if required.

3. Draw the sketches if necessary.

SECTION - I

Que. – 1 A Explain the significance of the following from the point of view of water quality criteria: 05

- 1) Taste and Odour
- 2) Chlorides
- 3) Nitrates
- 4) Iron and Manganese
- 5) Colour

Que. – 1 B Design a bell mouth canal intake for a city of 1,10,000 persons, drawing water from a canal which runs only for 10 hours a day with a depth of 1.5m. Also calculate the head loss in the intake conduit if the treatment works are 0.58 km away. Draw a neat sketch of the canal intake. Given average consumption per person = 150 L/d. Assume the velocity through the screens and bell mouth to be less than 16cm/sec and 32 cm/sec respectively. 07

OR

Que. – 1 A Explain the importance of physical and chemical analysis of water used for domestic purposes. 06

Que. – 1 B If a water sample having pH of 4.1, then what will be its hydroxyl ion concentration? 03

Que. – 1 C For a water sample having a total hardness of 200mg/l as CaCO_3 and alkalinity of 250 mg/l as CaCO_3 , find its carbonate hardness and non-carbonate hardness. 03

Que. – 2 A Design a rapid sand gravity filter for a town having water requirement of 4.2 MLD. 11

OR

Que. – 2 A What do you mean by schmutzdecks? How is it formed? 03

Que. – 2 B Design a circular sedimentation tank fitted with mechanical sludge remover for water work which has to supply daily 4.2 million liters of water to the town. The detention period in the tank for water is 4.5 hours and depth of water in the tank may be assumed as 3.3m. Draw neat figure of circular sedimentation tank. 05

Que. – 2 C Find the settling velocity of a discrete particle in water under conditions when Reynolds's number is less than 0.5. The diameter and specific gravity of a particle is 4×10^{-3} cm and 2.65 respectively. Water temperature is 20°C (kinematic viscosity of water at 20°C is $1.01 \times 10^{-2} \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$). 03

Que. - 3 A Write a short note on: (any four)

12

1. Sedimentation with Coagulation.
2. Backwashing method of Rapid Sand Gravity Filter.
3. Ozonation.
4. Break point chlorination.
5. Removal methods for permanent hardness.

SECTION - II

Que. - 4 A A pen stock 60cm diameter has a shell thickness of 1.2cm. The modulus of elasticity of pipe in shell material is $2.1 \times 10^6 \text{ kg/cm}^2$ ($2.1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$) with Poisson's ratio of $\frac{1}{4}$ and the volume modulus of elasticity of water $2.1 \times 10^4 \text{ kg/cm}^2$ ($2.1 \times 10^3 \text{ N/mm}^2$). The pipe is designed to a discharge of water at mean velocity of 2.1 m/sec. Determine the hammer pressure rise caused by sudden closure of valve at the downstream end:

- (i) Neglecting the elasticity of pipe material, and
- (ii) Considering also the elasticity of pipe material.

Que. - 4 B What do you understand by "per capita demand"? Explain briefly various types of water demand 06

OR

Que. - 4 A Describe with the help of neat sketches various types of joints used in CI pipe. 06

Que. - 4 B The following data shows the variation in population of a town from 1936 to 1966. Estimate the population of the city under 2016 by using following methods. 06

- (A) Arithmetical increase method.
- (B) Geometrical increase method.
- (C) Incremental increase method.

Year	1936	1946	1956	1966
Population	75000	120000	140000	185000

Que. - 5 A A pump is to deliver water from an underground tank against a static head of 30 m. The suction pipe is 40m long and is 30 cm Diameter with a Darcy - Weisbach friction factor $f=0.025$. The delivery pipe is of 30cm diameter, 1800m long and has $f = 0.020$ the pump characteristics can be expressed as 06

$$H_p = 100 - 6000Q^2$$

Where, H_p = Pump Head in meter, and

Q = Discharge in m^3/sec .

Calculate the Head and Discharge of the pump.

Que. - 5 B How can you remove iron content from rural water? 05

OR

Que. - 5 A How can you remove fluoride content from rural water? 05

Que. - 5 B Find the B.H.P and Theoretical Hp, of the Pump which lifts water from well to the treatment plant with the help of following data: 06

Quantity of water to be lifted = 50000 m^3

Length of suction Pipe = 20 m

Length of rising main = 180 m

Coefficient of friction = 0.025

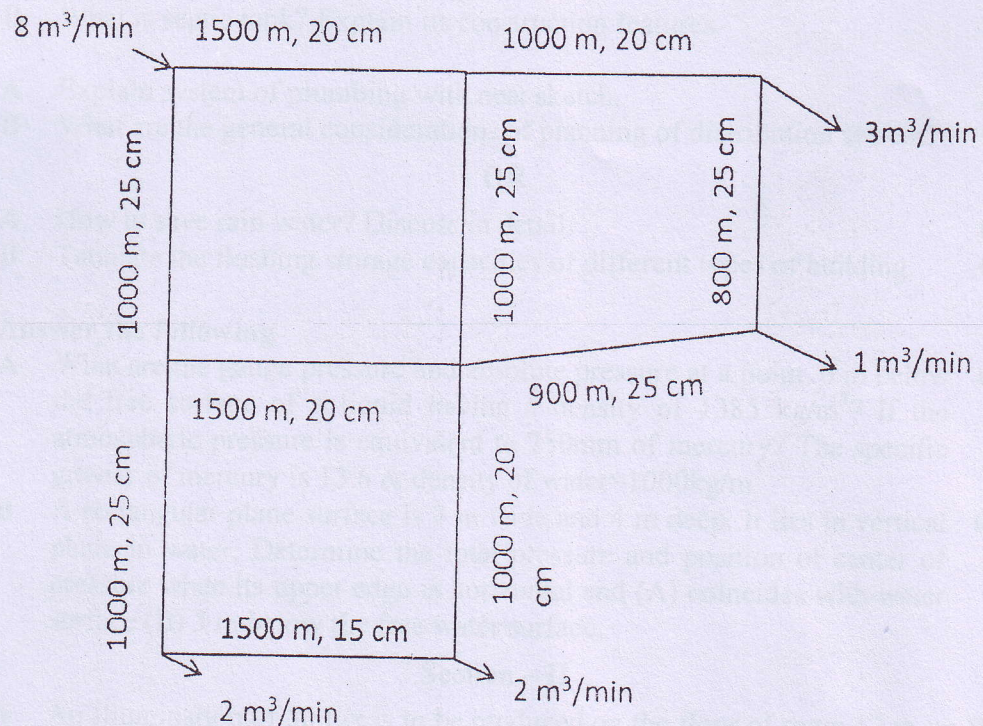
Diameter of pipe = 0.50

Static head through which water to be raised = 20 m

Overall Efficiency = 75%.

Que. - 6 A What are the qualities required in you as a water supply project engineer? 02

Que. - 6 B Analyze the following Pipe Network by Hardy Cross Method .Take $C=100$ in Hazen William Formula. 10



END OF PAPER