

GANPAT UNIVERSITY

B. Tech. Semester: III (EC)

Regular Examination November – December 2013

2HS301 – ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - III – Theory

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 70

- Instruction:**
1. All questions are compulsory.
 2. Write answer of each section in separate answer books.
 3. Figures to the right indicate marks of questions.

SECTION – I

Que.-1 Attempt the following: 12

- (A) State & Prove Cauchy's theorem.
- (B) If $f(z) = u + iv$ is an analytic function of z then find $f(z)$ where $u - v = e^x (\cos y - \sin y)$
- (C) Evaluate: $\int_0^{2+i} (\bar{z})^2 dz$; along the real axis to 2 and the vertically to $2 + i$.

OR

Que.-1 Attempt the following: 12

- (A) Find the Bilinear transformation which maps the points $z = 1, i, -1$ in to the points $w = i, 0, -i$ respectively.
- (B) If $f(z)$ is an analytic function of z then prove that $\left[\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \right] |f(z)|^2 = 4 |f'(z)|^2$.
- (C) Evaluate : $\int_c \frac{e^{2z}}{(z+1)^4} dz$; where c is the circle $|z| = 2$.

Que.-2 Attempt the following: 11

- (A) Prove that $\Delta \log f(x) = \log \left[1 + \frac{\Delta f(x)}{f(x)} \right]$; the interval of difference being unity. 3

- (B) In a certain experiment; the values of x and y were found as under. Find the value of y when $x=2.5$. 4

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
y	0	1	16	81	256	625	1296

- (C) Find the value of y when $x = 9$ from the following data 4

x	5	7	11	13	17
y	150	392	1452	2366	5202

OR

Que.-2 Attempt the following: 11

- (A) Show that $\Delta^2 (\cos 2x) = -4 \sin^2 h \cos(2x + 2h)$. 3

- (B) The populations of a country in the decennial census were as under. Estimate the population for the year 1975. 4

Year (x)	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981
Population (y)	46	67	83	95	102

- (C) The following table gives the barometric pressure P at height H above the sea level. 4
Find P when $H = 5000$.

X	20	30	40	50
N	630	525	450	270

Que.-3 Attempt any three:

12

(A) Find the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x + x^2$; $[-\pi, \pi]$

Hence show that $\frac{\pi^2}{12} = \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots$

(B) Obtain Fourier series for the function $f(x)$ given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 + \frac{2x}{\pi} & ; -\pi \leq x \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi} & ; 0 \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

(C) Find a series of sine of multiples of x which represent $f(x)$ in $(0, \pi)$ where

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi x}{4} & ; 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{\pi}{4}(\pi - x) & ; \frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

(D) Obtain the half range cosine series for $f(x) = x^2$; $[-\pi, \pi]$

SECTION - II

Que.-4 Attempt the following:

12

(A) If $L\{f(t)\} = \bar{f}(s)$ then prove that $L\{t^n f(t)\} = (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n} \bar{f}(s)$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

(B) State convolution theorem and use it to evaluate $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right\}$.

(C) Find $L\{f(t)\}$ where $f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin t, & t < \pi \\ t, & t \geq \pi \end{cases}$

OR

Que.-4 Attempt the following:

12

(A) Solve $y'' + 9y = r(t)$ by Laplace transform method where $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 4$, $r(t) = 8\sin t$ if $0 < t < \pi$ and 0 if $t > \pi$

(B) Find the Laplace transform of the Saw-tooth wave function $f(t) = \frac{k}{p}t$, if $0 < t < p$, $f(t+p) = f(t), \forall t$

(C) Evaluate (1) $L\left\{\frac{e^{-t}\sin t}{t}\right\}$ (2) $L^{-1}\left\{\log\left(1 + \frac{4}{s^2}\right)\right\}$

Que.-5 Attempt the following:

11

(A) Find a real root of the equation $x\sin x + \cos x = 0$ using Newton Raphson method correct to three decimal places. 4

(B) Using Taylor's series method obtain the solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} - x^2 = y^2$ where $y(0) = 1$. Also find the values of y at $x = 0.1$. 4

(C) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using Simpson's $3/8^{\text{th}}$ rule taking three equal parts. Hence obtain an approximate value of π . 3

OR

- Que.-5 Attempt the following:**
- (A) Find positive root of the equation $x^4 - x - 10 = 0$ by self iteration method up to four decimal places. 11
4
- (B) Apply Euler's method to solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$ for $x = 0.5$ given that $y = 1$ when $x = 0$ and $h = 0.1$. 4
- (C) Use Simpson's $1/3^{\text{rd}}$ rule to find $\int_0^{0.6} e^{-x^2} dx$ by taking seven ordinates. 3

Que.-6 Attempt any three:

- (A) Evaluate $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{e^{4-3s}}{(s+4)^{5/2}} \right\}$ 12
- (B) Solve $y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = 0$ by Laplace transform method where $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 2$, $y''(0) = 2$
- (C) Solve the following system of equation by Gauss Seidal method
 $30x - 2y + 3z = 75$, $x + 17y - 2z = 48$, $2x + 2y + 18z = 30$ correct up to four decimal places.
- (D) Find the first and second ordered derivatives of the function tabulated below, at the point $x = 2.2$

x	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2	2.2
$y = f(x)$	3.32	4.055	4.95	6.055	7.39	9.025

END OF PAPER