Seat No.

GANPAT UNIVERSITY **B. TECH. SEMESTER IV ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING** CBCS EXAMINATION, MAY / JUNE-2014 2EC 402: Control Systems TOTAL MARKS: 70

TIME: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

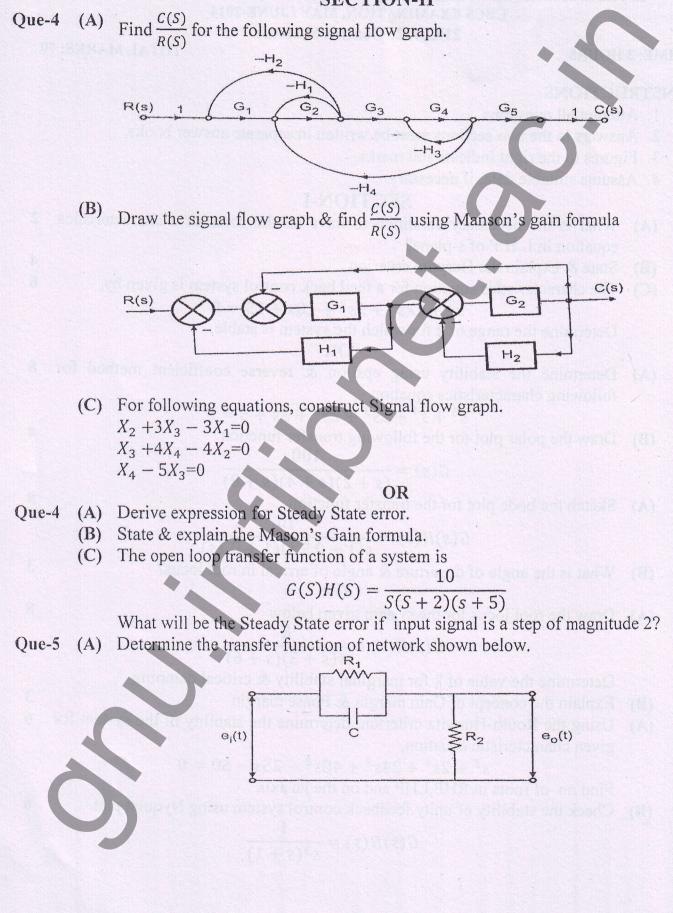
- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Answers to the two sections must be written in separate answer books.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Assume suitable data, if necessary.

SECTION-I

Que-1	(A)	What is the necessary condition to have all the roots of a characteristics equation in L.H.P of s-plane?	2
	(7)		4
	(B)	State & explain the Hurwitz criterion The characteristics equation for a feed back control system is given by,	6
	(C)	$s^{3} + 2ks^{2} + 5s^{2} + 10s + 15 = 0$	
		Determine the range of k for which the system is stable. OR	
Que-1	(A)	Determine the stability using epsilon & reverse coefficient method for	8
		following characteristics equation $s^{5} + s^{4} + 2s^{3} + 2s^{2} + 3s + 5 = 0$	
			4
	(B)	Draw the polar plot for the following transfer function 100	
		$G(s) = \frac{100}{(s+2)(s+4)(s+8)}$	
Que-2	(A)		8
Ann m	(11)	10	
		$G(s)H(s) = \frac{10}{s(1+0.5 s)(1+0.1s)}$	
	(B)	a the second is mathematically and the second secon	3
	(D)	OR	
Que-2	(A)	Draw the root locus for the system given below	8
		$G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+3)(s+6)}$	
		Determine the value of k for marginal stability & critical damping	
	(B)	Explain the concept of Gain margin & Phase margin	3
Que-3	(A)	Using the Routh-Hurwitz criterion, determine the stability of the system for	6
		given characteristic equation, $s^{5} + 2s^{4} + 24s^{3} + 48s^{2} - 25s - 50 = 0$	
		Find no. of roots in RHP,LHP and on the j ω axis	
	(B)	A start of the sta	6
		$G(s)H(s) = \frac{1}{s^3(s+1)}$	

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SECTION-II

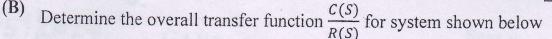


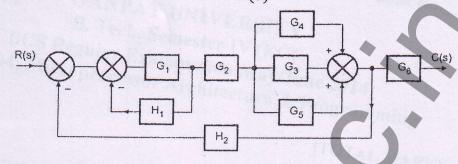
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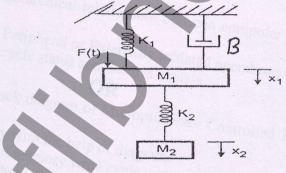




(C) What is the difference between steady state response and transient response 2 of a control system?

OR

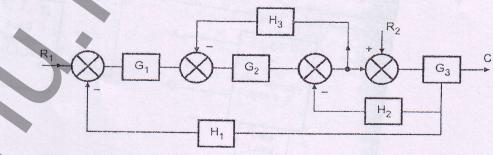
- Que-5 (A) Write a short note on A.C. servomotors.
 - (B) For the mechanical system shown below, draw the mechanical network. 5 Write the differential equation governing the behavior of the mechanical system. Also obtain the equivalent electrical circuit based on force voltage analysis.



(C) Define: Servomechanism Que-6 (A)

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(A) For the system shown in the figure determine either $\frac{C}{R1}$ or $\frac{C}{R2}$ using block 6 diagram reduction.



(B) Define control system. Differentiate the open loop and closed loop control 6 system with suitable example.

END OF PAPER