GANPAT UNIVERSITY

B. Tech. Semester: VII EC Engineering

CBCS Regular Examination November – December 2014 2EC701.INFORMATION THEORY AND CODING

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 70

Instruction:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Write answer of each section in separate answer books.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate marks of questions.
- 4. Standard terms and notation are used.

SECTION I

- Q-1 (A) A source having 8 symbols with respective probabilities of 0.22, 0.20, 0.18, 0.15, 0.10, 0.08, 0.05 [06] and 0.02. Construct a ternary Huffman code and determine the code efficiency.
 - (B) A transmitter has 5 symbols $\{a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5\}$ and the receiver has four symbols $\{b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4\}$. The joint probabilities P(A, B) of the system are given.

 $P(A,B) = \begin{bmatrix} 1/5 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 3/40 & 9/40 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1/15 & 2/15 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 1/30 & 1/15\\ 0 & 0 & 1/5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Find the following terms:

H(A), H(B), I(A, B) H(B/A) and H(A/B)

OF

- Q-1 (A) Write a short note on trellis coded modulation.
 - (B) For a binary symmetric channel (BSC). Find H(X), H(Y), H(X/Y), H(Y/X) and I(X/Y). Let $P(y_1/x_1) = 2/3$, $P(y_2/x_1) = 1/3$, $P(y_1/x_2) = 1/10$, $P(y_2/x_2) = 9/10$, $P(x_1) = 1/3$, and $P(x_1) = 2/3$.
- Consider the primitive polynomial $p(z) = z^3 + z^2 + 1$ over GF(2). Construct the extension field GF(8) and take $\alpha = z$ be the primitive element. Find elements of GF(8) as power of α and the corresponding minimal polynomial and give the generator polynomial double error correcting BCH code.

OR

- Q-2 (A) A message source generates one of four messages randomly every 1 microsecond. The [06] probabilities of these messages are 0.6, 0.05, 0.05 and 0.3. Each emitted messages independent of the other messages in the sequence.
 - (i) What is source entropy?
 - (ii) What is the rate of information generated by this source (in bits per second)?
 - (B) Prove that the entropy for a discrete source is a maximum when the output symbols are [05] equally probable:
- Q-3 (A) Consider a source with 6 symbols with respective probabilities of 0.30, 0.25, 0.15, 0.12, 0.10 and [06] 0.08. Construct a binary Huffman code and determine the code efficiency.
 - (B) Prove the following statements:

[06]

[06]

[06]

- (i) Two statistically independent events do not provide mutual information.
- (ii) When two events are identical then mutual information becomes self-information.

SECTION II

Q-4 (A) For a (6,3) code, the generator matrix G is given as:

For all possible data words, find the corresponding code words, and verify that this code is a single error correcting code.

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(B) Explain Encoding and decoding of turbo codes with neat and clean diagram.

[06]

OR

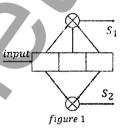
(A) For a (6, 3) systematic linear block code, the tree parity-check digits C_4 , C_5 and C_6 are $C_4 = d_1 + d_2 + d_3$ $C_5 = d_1 + d_2$ $C_6 = d_1 + d_3$

[06]

- (i) Construct the appropriate generator matrix for this code.
- (ii) Construct the code generated by this matrix.
- (iii) Decode the following received code words: 101100, 000110, 101010
- (B) Answer the following questions:

[06]

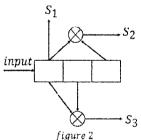
- (i) Consider the (23, 12, 7) binary code. Show that if it is used over a binary symmetric channel (BSC) with probability of bit error p = 0.01, the word error will be approximately 0.00008
- (ii) Prove that for any (n, k) cyclic code generator polynomial g(x) must be one of the prime (irreducible) polynomial.
- 0-5 For the convolution encoder shown in figure 1 draw the state, trellis and tree diagrams and determine the output sequence for data digits 1011



[11]

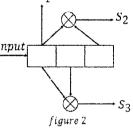
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For the convolution encoder shown in figure 2 Q-5 draw the state, trellis and use vterbi decoding for following received sequence 100 110 111 101 001 101 001 010



[11]

(A) Consider a (7,4) code whose generator matrix is



[06]

- (i) Find out codewords for given data words: 1001, 1000, 0111, 1111 and 1011.
 - (ii) Is a (7, 4) code a perfect code? Justify your answer.
- $G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- Construct the decoding table for the single error correcting (7,4) code (use $g(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 1$). Determine the data vectors transmitted for the following received vectors (ii) 1101101 (ii) 0101000 (iii) 0001100

END OF PAPER