

## GANPAT UNIVERSITY

## B. Tech. Semester: VII Electronics &amp; Communication Engineering

Regular / Remedial Examination Nov – Dec 2015

## 2EC701 Information Theory &amp; Coding

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 70

## Instruction:

1. Attempt **all** questions.
2. Answers to the two sections must be written in separate answer books.
3. Figures to the **right** indicate full marks.
4. Assume suitable data, if necessary.
5. Question numbers THREE and SIX are compulsory.

## Section - I

- Que. – 1 (A) A ternary source generates six symbols with probabilities 0.3, 0.25, 0.15, 0.12, 0.10, 0.08. Find the Huffman code for this source. Also find the Entropy, efficiency and redundancy of the code. 6
- (B) Derive the equation of energy per bit by noise ratio in terms of channel capacity using Shannon Hartley theorem. Also discuss the significance of the equation. 6

OR

- Que. – 1 (A) A binary symmetric channel with equi likely input symbols have following channel probabilities. Find the Channel Matrix, Entropy of output  $H(Y)$ , Channel capacity.  
 $p(y_1|x_1) = 0.8, p(y_2|x_1) = 0.2, p(y_1|x_2) = 0.3, p(y_2|x_2) = 0.7$ . 8
- (B) Explain the Shannon Hartley theorem. 4
- Que. – 2 (A) Design a second order extended binary Huffman code for the binary source with probabilities 0.9, 0.05 and 0.05. Discuss the advantages of second order extension. 7
- (B) Draw the block diagram of basic Automatic Repeat Request system and explain it. 4

OR

- Que. – 2 (A) What is the purpose of Source coding in digital communication? Using suitable example compare uniquely decoded and instantaneous code. 5
- (B) Differentiate between random and burst error and how they can be overcome using special code. 6
- Que. – 3 (A) Differentiate between bandlimited and power limited channel. 6
- (B) Construct the systematic Hamming generator matrix and Parity check matrix for the (7, 3) code from the generator polynomial  
 $g(x) = 1 + x^2 + x^3 + x^4$ . 6



## Section – II

Que. – 4 (A) The parity check matrix of a particular (7, 4) linear block code is given by matrix H. Find generator matrix G and any three code vectors. 6

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 10 & 1 & 00 \\ 1 & 1 & 01 & 0 & 10 \\ 1 & 0 & 11 & 0 & 01 \end{bmatrix}$$

(B) Write all the possible factors of the polynomial  $x^7 + 1$  in finite field  $F_8$ . Also draw the encoder for the any one polynomial that constructs the cyclic code. 6

OR

Que. – 4 (A) For the Hamming distance of 6, how many errors can be detected? How many errors can be corrected? 4

(B) For a (7, 4) systematic binary cyclic code with generator polynomial  $g(x) = 1 + x^2 + x^3$ , if the received polynomials are  $r(x) = 1 + x + x^3 + x^4 + x^5$  and  $r(x) = 1 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6$ , decode the correct code 8

Que. – 5 (A) List the conjugacy class and related minimal polynomials in finite field  $F_{16}|(1 + x + x^4)$ . 6

(B) How to decode a Turbo code? Explain in detail. 6

OR

Que. – 5 (A) Find the generator polynomial for 2 and 3 error correcting BCH code in the finite field  $F_{16}|(1 + x + x^4)$ . 6

(B) Write short note on Trellis Coded Modulation. 6

Que. – 6 (A) How many graphical representations are possible in convolutional coding? Explain any one of them. 6

(B) Discuss the application of convolutional code in Turbo codes in detail. 5

END OF PAPER