

GANPAT UNIVERSITY
B.TECH SEM.3rd ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
REGULAR EXAMINATION NOV-DEC 2014
2EE302: CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

TIME:-3 HOURS

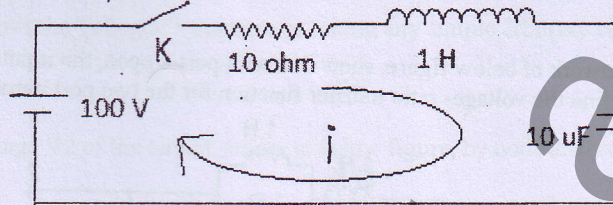
TOTAL MARKS-70

INSTRUCTION:-

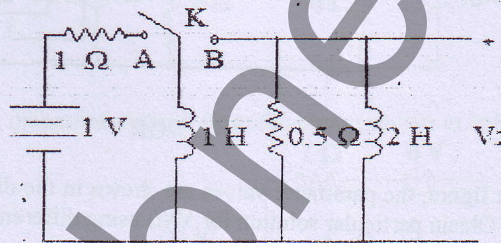
1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Section-I

Que-1 (a) In the network of below figure, the switch k is closed at $t = 0$ with the capacitor uncharged and with zero current in the inductor. Find the values of i , di/dt and d^2i/dt^2 at $t = 0+$. **(06)**

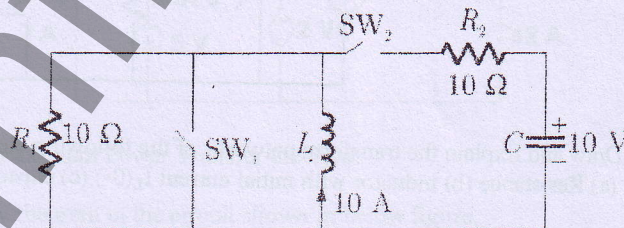


(b) In the network of below figure, the switch K is in position A for a long period of a time. At $t = 0$, the switch is moved from A to B. Obtain particular solution for $V_2(t)$ using differential equation method. **(06)**

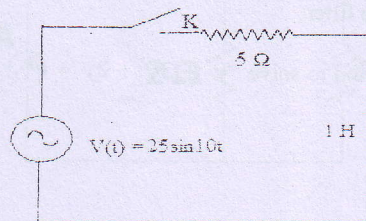


OR

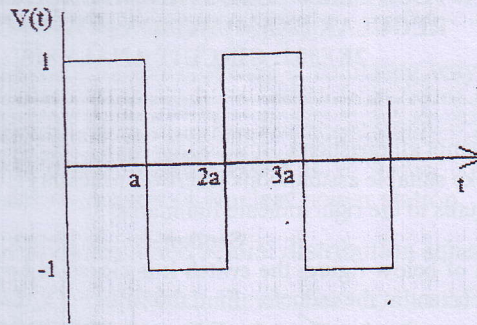
Que-1 (a) In the circuit shown in figure, switch SW1 is initially closed and SW2 is open. The inductor L carries a current of 10 Amp and the capacitor charged to 10 V with polarities as indicated. SW2 is closed at $t = 0$ and SW1 is opened at $t = 0$. Determine current through C and the voltage across L at $(t = 0+)$. **(06)**



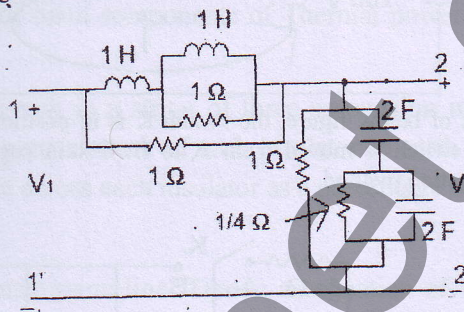
(b) In the network of below figure, a sinusoidal voltage $25\sin 10t$ is applied at time $t = 0$ to series R-L ckt. Determine the current by Laplace transform method. **(06)**



- Que-2 (a) For the waveform shown in below figure, write its equation and determine its Laplace transform. (06)

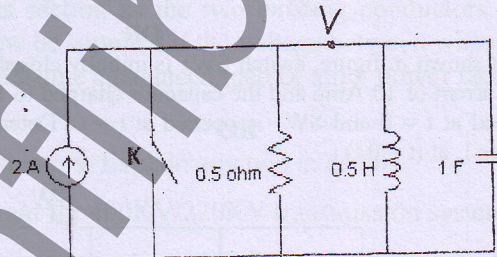


- (b) For the network of below figure, show that with port 2 open, the input impedance at port 1 is 1Ω . Also find the voltage-ratio transfer function for the two port network. (05)



OR

- Que-2 (a) In the given figure, the parameter values are shown in the diagram. The switch K is opened at time $t=0$. Obtain particular solution for $V(t)$ using differential equation method. (06)



- (b) Draw and Explain the transform networks of the following elements (05)
 (a) Resistance (b) inductor with initial current $I_L(0^-)$ (c) capacitor with initial voltage $V_C(0^-)$

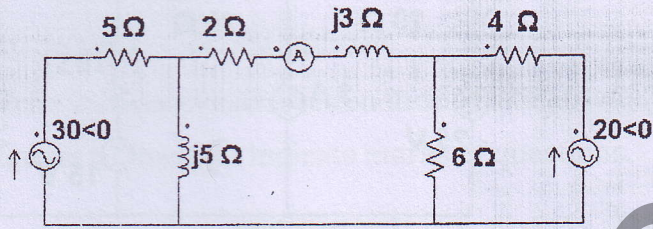
- Que-3 (a) Discuss the advantages of Laplace transformation method over the classical methods (03)

- (b) Explain: Band stop filter. (04)

- (c) Use transform method to solve $y'' + 3y' + 2y = e^t$, $y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0$. (05)

Section-II

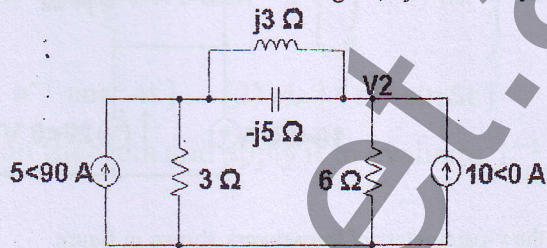
Que-4 (a) Using mesh analysis (KVL), determine current through ammeter in the circuit shown in below figure. (07)



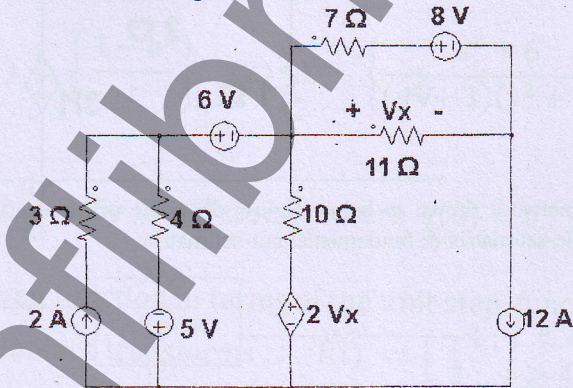
(b) State and prove the Tellegen's theorem by taking any simple arbitrary circuit. (05)

OR

Que-4 (a) Find the voltage V_2 of the circuit shown in below figure, by node analysis (KCL). (06)

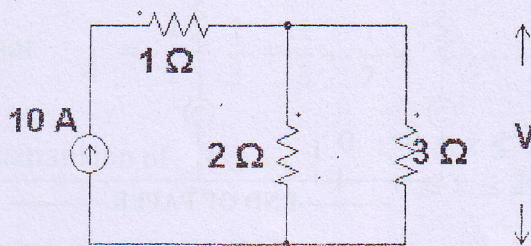


(b) Using node analysis, determine voltage V_x in the circuit shown in below figure. (06)



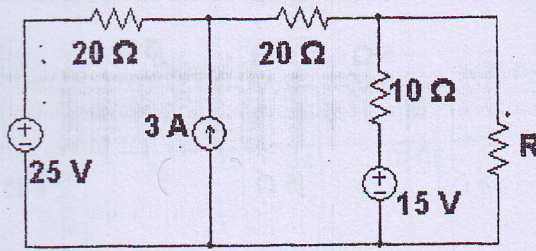
Que-5 (a) State and prove the Maximum Power Transfer theorem. (06)

(b) Verify the reciprocity theorem in the circuit shown in below figure. (05)

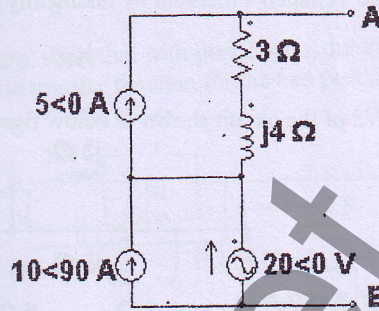


OR

- Que-5 (a) Find 'R' for maximum power transfer, and also the maximum power which can be transferred, (05)
in the given circuit shown in below figure.

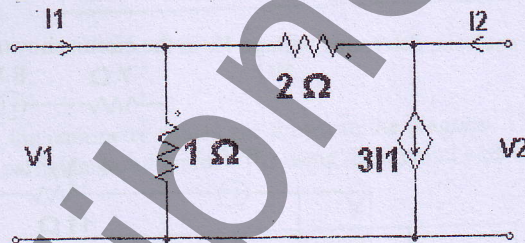


- (b) Find the Norton's equivalent network across A-B in below figure. (06)

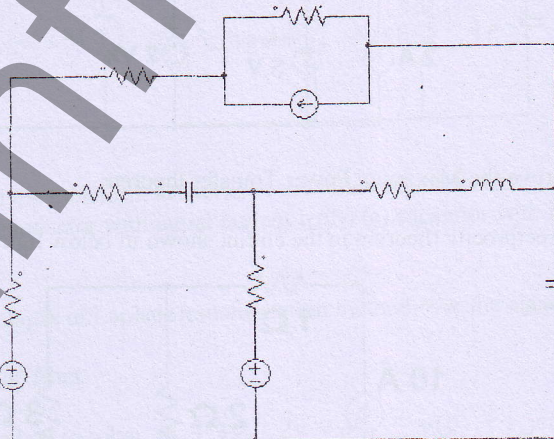


Que-6

- (a) Determine the y-parameters of the network shown in figure. (05)



- (b) For the network shown in below figure. draw the oriented graph and write the incidence matrix, tie-set matrix & fundamental cut-set matrix. (07)



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