#### Student Exam No.

# **GANPAT UNIVERSITY**

## B. Tech. Semester: VI Electrical Engineering

# Regular Exam May 2014

# 2EE 613: DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

## Time: 3 Hours

**INSTRUCTIONS:** 

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.

3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

#### Section - I

#### Que. - 1

B

A

A Explain the various methods of representing discrete-time signal with 6 examples

OR

Draw the examples of (i) Continuous & Discrete-time signal, (ii) Periodic & Aperiodic signal and (iii) Even & Odd signal.

### Que. - 1

- A Define ROC for one finite and one infinite discrete-time signals.
- B What is impulse response? Explain its significance.

Que. -2

Find the z-transform :

 $x(n) = n a^{(n-1)}$ 

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**Total Marks: 70** 

B Define the frequency spectrum of a discrete-time signal in terms of 6
Fourier transform and discuss its significance.
OR

Que. -2

- A Prove with the derivation that the frequency spectrum of a discrete-time 5 signal obtained by sampling a continuous-time signal is given by the infinite sum of frequency shifted and amplitude scaled spectrum of continuous-time signal.
- B Draw the practical specifications of lowpass and highpass filters and explain all the terms.

Que. - 3

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Q:,

- Discuss the realization and implementation issues of a digital filter.
- B Obtain the direct form-I and direct form-II realization for the second order filter given by

 $y(n) = 2b\cos\omega_0 \ y(n-1) - b^2 \ y(n-2) + x(n) - b\cos\omega_0 \ x(n-1)$ 

Que. - 4

A

Compute 2-point and 4-point DFT of the given sequence and sketch the 6 magnitude of DFT in both the cases:

$$\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) = \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n}) - \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n}-2)$$

**B** Find the output spectrum of an LTI system if input

$$x(n) = 2/3 \qquad ; -1 \le n \le 1$$
$$= 0 \qquad ; else$$

and the impulse response  $h(n) = a^n$ 

$$(n) = a^n$$
;  $n \ge 0$   
= 0; else  
OR

Que. -4

A Compute the DTFT of the sequence:

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$$x(n) = a^{|n|}$$
;  $-1 < a < 1$ 

B Use the four point DFT and IDFT to determine the circular convolution 6 of following sequences:

$$x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 1\}$$
 and  $h(n) = \{4, 3, 2, 2\}$ 

Que. - 5

A Check whether the following systems are linear or not

a) 
$$y(n) = n^2 x(n)$$
 b)  $y(n) = Bx(n) + C$ 

B Write down the steps and expressions for designing a lowpass digital 6 Butterworth filter.

OR

Que. – 5

Design a second order discrete-time Butterworth filter, with cut-off frequency of 0.5 kHz and sampling frequency of 1000 samples/sec, by bilinear transformation.

Que. - 6

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Design a linear phase highpass FIR filter using Hamming window, with a cut-off frequency  $\omega_c = 0.6 \pi$  rad/sample and N=9 (samples).

Given, Hamming window function 
$$W_H(n) = 0.54 + 0.46 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi n}{N-1}\right)$$

#### END OF PAPER