## GANPAT UNIVERSITY

## B. Tech. Semester: III -Marine Engineering Regular Examination November – December 2016 2MR306- Strength of Material

Time: 3 Hours Total		
Instructions	<ol> <li>This Question paper has two sections. Attempt each section in separate answer book.</li> <li>Attempt all Questions.</li> <li>Be precise and to the point in answering the descriptive questions.</li> <li>Assume suitable data if necessary.</li> <li>Figure to the right indicates full Marks.</li> <li>Start new Question on New Page.</li> </ol>	
	Section - I	
	(a) List the different types of Stresses and explain any one in detail.	5
	(b) Explain design procedure of thin cylinder with neat sketch.	5
	OR OR	
Q-1	A rolled steel joints of I section has the dimensions 90*90*10. This beam of L section carried a point load 40 kN at the end of span of 10 m, calculate the maximum stress produced due to bending.	10
Q-2	(a) List assumptions made in the Euler's column theory.	5
	(b) Differentiate tensile and shear stress with neat sketch.	5
	OR	
Q-2	A solid round bar 3 m long and 50 mm in Diameter is used as a strut with both ends hinged. Determine the crippling load. Take E= 200000 N/mm <sup>2</sup> .	10
Q-3	The tensile stresses at a point across two mutually perpendicular planes are 100 N/mm <sup>2</sup> and 40 N/mm <sup>2</sup> . Determine the normal, tangential and resultant stresses on a plane inclined at 40° to the axis of minor stresses.	10
	Section - II	
Q-4	A cylinder pipe of diameter 2 m and thickness 1 cm is subjected to an internal fluid pressure of 2 N/mm <sup>2</sup> . Determine: a) Circumferential stress b) Longitudinal stress c) Maximum shear stress.	10
	OR OR	
	(a) Find the moment of inertia of T section having 120*120*20 mm.	5
	(b) In Hollow circular shaft of outer and inner diameter of 30 cm and 15 cm	5
	respectively, the shear stress is not to exceed 40 N/ mm <sup>2</sup> . Find the maximum	
	torque which the shaft can safely transit.	

Q-5	A cantilever of length of 3 m is carrying a point load of 25 kN at the free end. If	10
	moment of inertia of the beam = $10^8$ and E= $2*10^5$ N/mm <sup>2</sup> , find slop and deflection of the	
	cantilever beam at free end.	
	OR	
Q-5	(a) Explain stress-strain diagram with neat sketch.	5
	(b) List different application of Thin and Thick cylinder	5
Q-6	A cylinder pipe of diameter 1.5 m and thickness 1.5 cm is subjected to an internal fluid	10
	pressure of 1.2 N/mm2. Determine: a) Circumferential stress developed in pipe b)	
	Longitudinal stress developed in pipe.	

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