

Students Exam No: \_\_\_\_\_

**GANPAT UNIVERSITY**

**B.Tech. Semester V (Marine Engineering)**

**Regular Examination: November ~ Dec -2014**

**02MR503 NAVAL ARCHITECTURE - I**

**Date: 28/11/2014**

**Time-3 HOURS**

**Total Marks : 70**

- INSTRUCTIONS:** (1) Attempt all questions.  
(2) Assume suitable data where necessary  
(3) Figures to the right indicate full marks  
(4) Start New Question on New Page  
(5) Total Pages in the Question Paper: 3  
(6) Draw and Explain with diagrams where required

**Section-I**

**Q-1: Answer the Following**

**(12)**

a) Explain in Brief

.....6

i) Free Surface Effect

ii) Archimedes Principal

b) A ballast tank is 15m Long, 12m wide and 1.4 m deep and is filled with fresh water. Calculate the load on the top and short side if :

i.) The tank is just completely full

ii.) There is head of 7m of water above the tank top.

**OR**

**Q-1: Answer the Following**

**(12)**

a) Explain load on an immersed plane.....4

b) Centre of Gravity .....4

c) Relative Density .....4

**Q-2 Attempt Following:**

(11)

- a.) A double bottom tank is 1.2 m deep and has a sounding pipe extending 11 m above the tank top. The tank is filled with oil ( $\rho = 0.89$ ) to the top of the sounding pipe. The double bottom floors are spaced 750 mm apart and are connected to that tank top by riveted angles, the rivets having a pitch of 7 diameters. If the maximum allowable stress in the rivets is  $30 \text{ MN/m}^2$ , calculate the pressure in  $\text{KN/m}^2$  on the outer bottom and the diameter of the rivets.
- b.) A bulkhead 9 m deep is supported by vertical stiffeners 750 mm apart. The Bulkhead is flooded to the top edge with sea water on one side only. Calculate :
- i.) Shearing force at the top
  - ii.) Shearing force at bottom
  - iii.) Position of zero shear.

**Q-3 Answer Following Questions**

(12)

- a.) A ship displaces 12000 tonne, its centre of gravity is 6.50 m above the keel and its centre of buoyancy is 3.60 m above the keel. If the second moment of area of the waterplane above the centre line is  $42.5 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^4$  find the metacentric height.
- b.) A vessel of constant triangular cross-section is 9 m wide at the deck and has a depth to deck of 7.5 m. Draw the metacentric diagram using 0.5 m intervals of draught up to the 3.0 m water line.

**Section-II**

**Q-4: Explain Inclining Experiment**

(12)

**Q-5 Attempt Following**

(11)

- a) Explain Following Terms ..... 6
- i) TPC
  - ii) Wetted Surface Area

b) Explain in one line: .....5

- i) TPC
- ii) BM
- iii) KB
- iv) SCF
- v) KM

Q-6 Attempt following -

(12)

a) A ship of 5000 tonne displacement, 96m long, floats at draughts of 5.60m, forward and 6.30 m aft. The TPC is 11.5, GM(L)105m and centre of floatation 2.4 m aft of midships.

Calculate :

- i) the MCTI cm
- ii) the new end draughts when 88 tonne are added 31m forward of midships.

b) A ship 180m long has  $\frac{1}{2}$  widths of water plane 1,7.5,12,13.5,14,14,14,13.5,12,7 and 0m respectively. Calculate :

- i) Waterplane area
- ii) TPC
- iii) Waterplane area and coefficient.

END OF PAPER