GANPAT UNIVERSITY M. TECH AMT SEM- I CBCS (NEW) REGULAR EXAMINATION NOV-DEC 2015 2ME 104 COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN

Ma	x. Tim	e: 3 hours Max. Marks: (60 Marks		
Instructions:					
		ndidate can not keep with him any paper or book related to subject during the amination.	e		
	2. Ce 3. Us	nter for written examination U.V.Patel College of Engineeering, Kherva. e of any electronic devices or programmable calculators is not allowed.			
0	1	<u>SECTION I</u>			
Que	1 (A)	Attempt all What is the role of computers for design and manufacturing. Give the advantages and disadvantages of CAD systems.	[10] [5]		
	(B)	Explain in brief the working principle of Laser Printer. OR	[5]		
Que	1	Attempt all	[10]		
	(A)	Compare conventional design process with CAD systems and justify with example.	[5]		
•	(B)	Explain the working principle of Ink Jet Plotters.	[5]		
Que	2	Attempt all	[10]		
	(A)	For the position vectors $P_1(2,3)$ and $P_2(5,7)$ determine the parametric representation of a line segment between them. Also determine the slope and tangent vector of the line segment.	[4]		
	(B)	Write a C++ program for ellipse.	[6]		
		OR	[0]		
Que	2	Attempt all	[10]		
	(A)	Obtain the parametric representation of a circle with radius=4 units and 8 unique points.	[4]		
	(B)	Derive the expression for Bresenham line algorithm for $ m >1$.	[6]		
Que	3	Attempt all	[10]		
	(A)	Find the points on the ellipse in 1 st quadrant having major axis=10 units	[6]		
		and minor axis=6 units using midpoint ellipse algorithm.			
	(B)	Explain the curves having the following conditions:	[4]		
		a) First order continuity			
		b) Second order continuity	· ·		
Que	4	Attempt all	[10]		
	(A)	Show that the composition of two rotations is additive by concatenating the matrix representations for $R(\Theta_1)$ and $R(\Theta_2)$ to obtain	[10] [4]		
	(B)	$R(\Theta_1) \cdot R(\Theta_2) = R(\Theta_1 + \Theta_2)$ Apply suitable 3D transformation matrix to the line joining (2,1,2) and	[6]		
		(5,4,7) to align it to positive Y axis.			

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OR

C)ue	4	Attempt all	
X	/uc	(A)	Show that the transformation matrix for a reflection about the line $y=-x$ is equivalent to a reflection relative to the y axis followed by a counter	[4]
		(B)	 clockwise rotation of 90°. Given P(1,1.5,2) and Q(4.5,6,3) do the following 3D transformations a) Scale PQ in x direction by 3 units keeping P Point fixed b) Rotate line by 60° counter clockwise in X direction. 	[6]
			can not focto with him day name or coust induced to minimum annea, and	[10]
Ç)ue	5 (A)	Attempt all Considering four dimensional position vectors for $P_0((0,0), P_1(2,2), P_2(5,-2)$ and $P_3(3,0)$, determine the cubic spline curve passing through them using chord approximation. The tangent vectors at the ends are $P_1'(1,1)$ and	[7]
	8		$P_4(1,1)$. Calculate intermediate points at t=0.3 and t=0.7	[3]
		(B)	Write the properties of B-spline curves.	[2]
			OR	
		-	Attempt all	[10]
(Jue	5	Attempt all Given $B_0(1,2)$, $B_2(2,5)$, $B_3(6,5)$ and $B_4(4,2)$ determine 6 points on the Bezier	[5]
		(A)	curve.	[5]
		(B)	Write a Matlab code for Cubic Spline.	[5]
				[10]
(Que	6	Attempt all Distinguish the following CAD data exchange formats with help of	[6]
		(A)	example of cube of size of 20 units for all sides.	
			a) IGES	
			b) STEP	
			c) DFX	[4]
		(B)	List various Geometric Techniques and explain wireframe model with	ſ.]
		9	advantages and disadvantages. OR	
			Explain FEA concept with the help of example of 1-D bar element with	[4]
		(B)	application.	
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END OF PAPER