

GANPAT UNIVERSITY
M.Tech Sem. IInd (AMT)
Regular External Examination May 2014
3ME- 205 Robotics & Artificial Intelligence

Time: 3 Hrs

Marks: 70

Instructions:

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Answers to two sections must be written in separate answer sheets.
- (iii) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
- (iv) Figure to right indicates marks.

SECTION - I

Q1 Answer the following questions.

12

- (a) What are the basic learning laws in ANN? Explain hebbian learning law.
- (b) Explain the logic functions (using truth tables) performed by the following networks with MP neurons given in Figure. 1

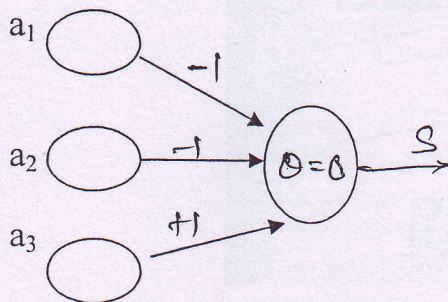
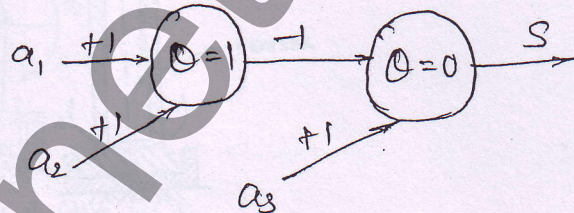


Fig. 1 (a)



Que. 1(b)

Fig. 1 (b)

- (c) What is the difficulty in solving a real world problem like metal cutting even by an artificial neural network model?

OR

Q1 Answer the following questions.

12

- (a) What are the issues at the architectural level of artificial neural networks?
- (b) Application of ANN in controlling parameter in grinding operation for predicting surface roughness.
- (c) Short note on Expert system & Decision support system.

Q2 Answer the following questions.

- (a) Explain how AI techniques help for making Intelligent robot.
- (b) Explain different fuzzification method with examples.
- (c) Name and describe the main Component of Genetic Algorithms.

OR

Q2 Answer the following questions.

12

- (a) Write short note on defuzzification process.
- (b) AI is a knowledge area with a strong interdisciplinary nature- Justify the statement.
- (c) Explain how fuzzy controller works with examples of center less grinding.

Q3 Answer any three of following Questions.

11

- (a) Write Rule base for fuzzy controller for robot gripping force.
- (b) Compare biological neural network with Artificial Neural network.
- (c) Explain one application of genetic Algorithm as a case study.

- (d) Two jugs of capacity of 16 and 7 liters are given. You are required to obtain 8 liters of water in 16 liters of jug. There are no measuring markers on jugs. Obtain only through exchange. Draw the state space diagram.

Exam. Seat No. _____

SECTION – II

Q4 Answer the following questions.

- (a) What is basic difference between fixed angle representation and Euler angle representation frame rotation. 2
- (b) Explain with sketches and show work envelop for different kind of robot configuration. 4
- (c) Obtain end-effectors position and orientation shown in fig.2 5

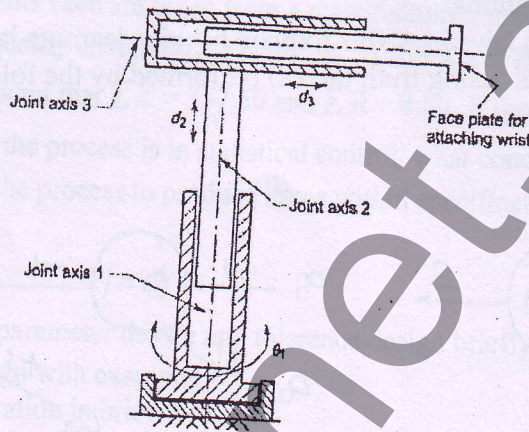


Fig. 2 Que. 4 (c)

OR

Q4 Answer the following questions.

- (a) Explain Robot Capabilities. 2
- (b) Explain with block diagram: Forward kinematics and Inverse kinematics. 4
- (c) Give name of parameters are input in inverse and forward kinematics. 5
- (c) For the 3-DOF robotics manipulator arm shown in the below figure assign frame to each of the link and determine the joints-link parameter and therefore obtain the direct kinematic model.

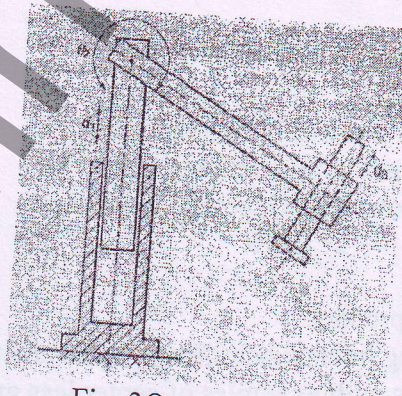


Fig. 3 Que. 4(c) OR

Q5 Answer the following questions.

- A robot is to be selected for loading and unloading what technical and non-technical issues or factors you will consider?
- State guide lines to obtain close form solutions for an inverse kinematics problem.
- For the 3-DOF (RRP) configuration manipulator, shown in fig.4 the position and orientation of point P in Cartesian space is given by

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.354 & 0.866 & 0.354 & 0.106 \\ -0.612 & 0.500 & -0.612 & -0.184 \\ 0.707 & 0 & 0.707 & 0.212 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determine all values of all joint variables that is all solutions to the inverse kinematic problem. The joint displacement allowed (joint limits) for three joints are $-100^\circ < \theta_1 < 100^\circ$, $-30^\circ < \theta_2 < 70^\circ$ and $0.05\text{m} < d_3 < 0.5\text{m}$. Identify the feasible solutions.

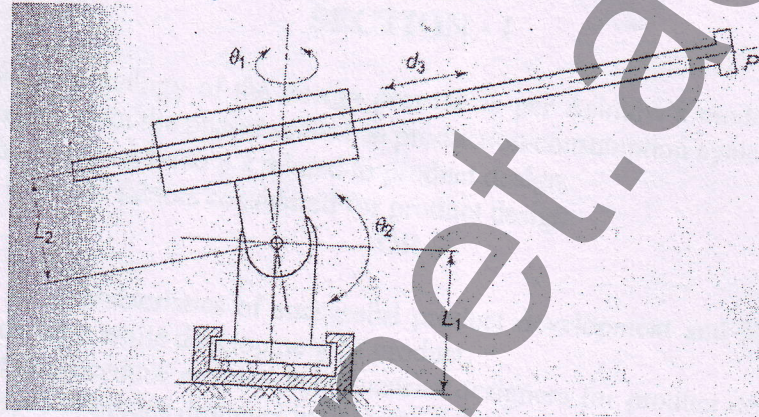


Fig. 4 Que. 5(C)

OR

Q5 Answer the following questions.

- Define link parameters and joint parameters with sketch.
- Explain with a neat sketch and example, Denavit-Hartenberg Algorithm.
- Frame {2} is rotated with respect to frame {1} about the X-axis by an angle of 60° . The position of the origin of frame {2} as seen from frame {1} is ${}^1D_2 = [7.0 \ 5.0 \ 7.0]^T$. Obtain the transformation matrix 1T_2 , which describes frame {2} relative to frame {1}. Also, find the description of point P in frame {1} if ${}^2P = [2.0 \ 4.0 \ 6.0]^T$.

12

Q6 Answer any **Three** from the following Questions:

- Compare a robot manipulator with human hand for their capabilities.
- State and explain in detail the terms:
 - Degree of freedom
 - wrist configuration
- A 3 DOF articulated configuration arm of manipulator has all three revolute Joints. In a typical articulated arm the joints design determines the joint range the design of joint provides almost 360° joint range but has joint offset / joint distance $d_1=d_2$ For link 2 & d_3 for link 3, Using the algorithm for link frame assignments, tabulate the joint link parameters and obtain forward kinematic model of the arm.
- Determine the manipulator jacobian for a 3-DOF articulated arm.

12