

M. Tech  
MORNING  
D. : 04/06/2014.

Exam No: \_\_\_\_\_

GANPAT UNIVERSITY  
M.Tech.[ME(CAD/CAM)] Sem-II  
REGULAR EXAMINATION JUNE-2014

3ME215 AUTOMATION IN PRODUCTION & QUALITY ENGINEERING

TIME – 3 HOURS

TOTAL MARKS- 70

- INSTRUCTION:-
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
  - 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - 3) Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.

SECTION-I

- Que-1 [12]
- (a) What is concurrent engineering? Explain it.
  - (b) What are the different terms of ANOVA analysis?
  - (c) Write a short note on the factors which influence the quality of conformance.

OR

- Que-1 [12]
- (a) What is reverse engineering? Explain it.
  - (b) What is robust design? How it plays an important role for quality improvement?
  - (c) Describe briefly the three fundamental principles on which Taguchi's philosophy is founded.

- Que-2 [11]
- (a) Write a short note on lean manufacturing..
  - (b) Control charts for  $\bar{X}$  and  $\sigma$  are maintained on the weight in grams of the contents of a certain container. The subgroup size is 10. The values of  $\bar{X}$  and  $\sigma$  are computed for each subgroup. After 18 subgroups  $\sum \bar{x} = 595.8$  and  $\sum \sigma = 8.24$ . Compute the values of  $3\sigma$  limits for  $\bar{X}$  and  $\sigma$  chart. Take  $A_1 = 1.03$ ,  $B_4 = 1.73$  and  $B_3 = 0.28$ .

OR

- Que-2 [11]
- (a) Describe the components of JIT in brief.
  - (b) Determine the control limits for  $\bar{X}$  and R charts if  $\sum \bar{x} = 357.50$ ,  $\sum R = 9.90$ , Number of subgroups = 20. It is given that  $A_2 = 0.18$ ,  $D_3 = 0.41$ ,  $D_4 = 1.59$  and  $d_2 = 3.735$ . Also find the process capability.

- Que-3 [12]
- Attempt Any three.
- (a) Name and describe the various steps in the application of Six Sigma.
  - (b) What is design for reliability? Explain different factors which are considered for it.
  - (c) Describe the benchmarking in connection with TQM.
  - (d) What are the benefits of statistical quality control.

SECTION-II

- Que-4 [12]
- (a) Explain working principle of Capacitive proximity sensor with neat sketch
  - (b) Briefly Explain Pressure relief valve. Draw the symbols for Pressure relief valves used in hydraulics.

OR

Que-4

- (a) Explain working principle of Inductive proximity sensor with neat sketch.
- (b) What is the application of rotary encoders in close loop systems? How will you select the type of encoder for particular application?

[12]

Que-5

- (a) Define registers and explain different registers used in 8085 microprocessor
- (b) What is the difference between Hard Automation and Soft automation? Explain with Example. What are the advantages of Soft automation over Hardwire automation?

[11]

OR

Que-5

- (a) Explain the role of Mechatronics in manufacturing.
- (b) Draw block diagram of PLC. Explain function of various blocks.

[11]

Que-6

Attempt Any three.

- (a) Enlist basic components of hydraulic system. Explain any two components.
- (b) What is the relation between automation and CIM? Explicate reasons to justify the use of automation.
- (c) What is the difference between close loop control system and open loop control system.
- (d) How many type of miscellaneous sensor? Describe it.

[12]

\*\*\*\*\*END OF PAPER\*\*\*\*\*