

**GANPAT UNIVERSITY**  
**M. TECH. II SEM. (CAD/CAM) MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**  
**CBCS REGULAR EXAMINATION APRIL-JUNE 2016**  
**3ME211 ENGINEERING ANALYSIS & OPTIMIZATION**

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 60

- Instruction: 1 Attempt all questions.  
 2 Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.  
 3 Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**Section I**

Q-1

- (a) Discuss shape function with respect to one dimensional problem 3  
 (b) State the principle of minimum (stationary) potential energy and apply the same to determine nodal displacement of the spring system shown in Figure 1. 7

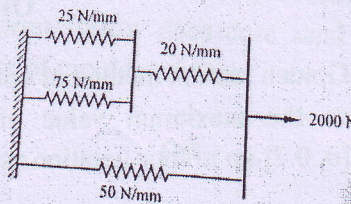


Figure 1

OR

Q-1

- (a) A two member truss is shown in Figure 2. The cross-sectional area of each member of the truss is  $100 \text{ mm}^2$  and the modulus of elasticity is 200 GPa. Determine the deflections, reactions and stresses in each of the members. 7

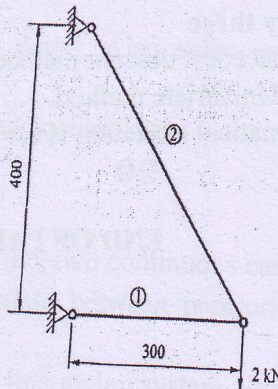


Figure 2

- Q-2 (b) What is FEM? What are the advantages and limitations of the method? 3  
 (a) Explain the properties of stiffness matrix K. 5  
 (b) What is FEM? Sketch the different types of elements used in finite element analysis (1D, 2D and 3D). 5

OR

Q-2

- (a) Explain the temperature effect in one dimensional problem. 5  
 (b) Explain the elimination approach of imposing boundary conditions. 5



Q-3

- (a) Consider a brick wall of thickness  $L = 30$  cm,  $k = 0.7$  W/m $^{\circ}$ C. The inner surface is at  $28^{\circ}$ C and the outer surface is exposed to cold air at  $-15^{\circ}$ C. The heat-transfer coefficient associated with the outside surface is  $h = 40$  W/m $^2$  $^{\circ}$ C. Determine the steady state temperature distribution within the wall. 6
- (b) Explain how the model and apply boundary conditions to following types of problem: 4
1. Hollow cylinder under internal pressure, with one end closed.
  2. Belleville Spring.

**Section II**

Q-4

- (a) Explain Fibonacci method of optimization. 5
- (b) Find the minimum of the function 5
- $$f(\lambda) = 0.65 - \frac{0.75}{1+\lambda^2} - 0.65\lambda \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{\lambda}$$
- using the secant method with an initial step size of  $t_0 = 0.1$ ,  $\lambda_1 = 0.0$ , and  $\epsilon = 0.01$ .

**OR**

Q-4

- (a) Explain Golden section method of optimization. 5
- (b) Determine the maximum value of the function  $f(x) = x \cos \pi x^2$  in interval  $[0, 0.7]$  up to four iteration using Fibonacci method. 5

Q-5

- (a) What is the secant method? Explain it. 5
- (b) What are the limitations of classical methods in solving a one-dimensional minimization problem? 5

**OR**

Q-5

- (a) Write the engineering applications of optimization. 5
- (b) What is optimization? Explain processor for optimization of problem? 5

Q-6

- Attempt any three** 10
- (a) Explain the steepest descent method.
- (b) Explain the Univariate method.
- (c) How mathematical modeling is use full in engineering optimization?

**END OF PAPER**