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Seat No

GANPATUNIVERSITY M.Tech. Semester I (CE) Examination N&V - December-2015 3CE101: Advanced Topics in Networks

Max Time:3 Hour] Instructions: [Total Marks:60

1. All questions are compulsory

Date: 01 /01 /2016

- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Answer Both Sections in Separate Answer sheets.

SECTION-I

Q-1

- A Calculate the probability of node encounter P_e and expected delay Randomize routing delay : network area =4900,transmission range = 5, no. of nodes = 25, P= 0.5
- B Compute and Compare Expected hitting time ET_{RD} and ET'_{RD} Network Area =1600 x 1600, K = 10, T = 200, v = 4 m/sec T_{stop} = 4 p_m = 0.8.

[OR]

Q-1

A

Compute expected hitting time $ET_{comm}^{(out)}$ until a node A, moving according to the community model, encounters a static node B, who lies outside A's community, is given by: Network Area =1000 x 1000, K = 10, $T_L = 200$ sec, v = 3 m/sec $T_{stop} = 5$ sec $p_m = 0.6$, $L_c = 12.5$.

B Compute the expected delay for optimal algorithm (single copy) $ED_{opt}(mm)$: Network area =4900,transmission range = 5, no. of nodes = 10.

Q-2

- A Compute delivery delay of Source spray and wait routing for Random walk mobility model. Area = 5 1800x1800, M =9, K =5, L = 4
- B Calculate Hitting time for (small) community based random direction model :

Area= 500 x 500, Pl= 0.4 Pr=0.6, Tl = 150, K = 10, v = 1

[OR]

Q-2

- A Compute pairwise meeting rate p for RD &RWP and packet forwarding rate for n-epidemic routing 3
 Avg. relative speed = 4 m/sec, Area = 1600x1600, transmission range = 10, battery energy = 2000 units/node, energy consumed =4 unit transmit/receive, number of forwards =4, neighbors=4.
- **B** Using taylor series find L_{min} for a =5 and M =120
- C Perform the analytical calculation to compute expected delay of epidemic routing under contention using following equation for single step : Network Area =1000 x 1000, K = 10, T = 200, v = 3

m/sec $T_{stop} = 5$ $p_m = 0.6$, M = 5 m $p \frac{epid}{success} = 0.6$:

$$\mathrm{ED}_{\mathrm{epid}} = \sum_{i=1}^{M-1} \frac{1}{M-1} \sum_{m=1}^{i} \frac{\mathrm{EM}_{\mathrm{rd}}}{m(M-m) p_{\mathrm{success}}^{\mathrm{epid}}}.$$

where $p_{\text{surress}}^{\text{epid}} = 1 - (1 - p_{\text{rrs}}^{\text{epid}})^{E_{\text{ref}}}$.

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Q-3-

B

A Analytically compute AER(encounters/min) for random way point mobility model : Communication 3 range= 100m, Node Density = 50, Average Speed = 30 m/s and time = 10 sec



Apply fuzzy spray technique to figure (a) & (b) for preparing the table showing distribution of CDM, FTC and HOP count values. Further compute accuracy of FTC and accuracy of Hop Count. Assume initial value of Hop count and FTC 1.

C Using Dynamic Spray & Wait find no. of messages forwarded from Node A to Node B and from B 4 to A, if $Q_{oldA} = 0.8 \ Q_{oldB} = 0.9$, $\alpha = 0.15$, $Avg_{KA} = 7.5 \ Avg_{KB} = 8.2$, Node A has M1= 5 Node B has M2 = 7.

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SECTION - II

- THE STREET STREET, SALE
- A How to make Encounter based routing protocol secure? Discuss Time stamp protocol with suitable example & diagram.
- **B** Show the classification of Mobility models. Fill up details in following table in terms of YES / NO with justification.

	Temporal dependency	Spatial Dependency	Geographic restriction	
Random way point				
RPGM				
Freeway				
0.54 0.54 0.32 C D C F	-0.45 -0.84 -0.84 -0.84 -0.61 -0.61 -0.61 -0.64 -0.6	For given soci interaction and for threshold =0 two communities matrix and wr compute social at	For given social network, prepare interaction and connectivity matrix for threshold =0.20. Identify at leas two communities from connectivity matrix and write an equation to compute social attraction index.	
	[(DR]		

C

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- Q-4
- A Show the classification chart of mobility models and Identify the mobility model type for 3 each scenario presented below with short justification:
 - Police officers attempting to catch escaped criminal
 Group of children walking in single line to their classroom
 Cellular network
- B Following table shows the current message vectors for Node A and Node B respectively. Show 3 respective message vector's contents after encounter with each other for epidemic routing.

Node A		
Dest Id	Seq.No	
D	1	
G	1	
F	1	

Node B			
Dest ID	Seq No		
D	0		
E	0		
F	0		
F	1		

Write pseudo code for two hop routing protocol.

C Prove expected delay of epidemic routing with d degree is derived using:

$$\mathbb{E}^{d}_{epid} = \frac{1}{\lambda(m-1)} \sum_{p=1}^{m-1} \frac{m-p}{p \, s(p)} \cdot$$

Q.5

- A Draw schematic diagram of Internet Vs. DTN Routing. Name the strategy used for information 3 exchange. List the class of service (CoS) provided by Bundle layer
- B Write pseudo code to implement: MOFO drop and COIN forwarding policy. 5
- C Why ADHOC/MANET routing protocols fails in DTN environment?

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A	Draw schematic diagram of ONE simulator along with routing and movement package				
D	classification. Explain and Write the pseudo code for N-drop and TSMF forward policy implementation.				
D C	Show the algorithmic steps to implement n-Epidemic routing.				
Q.6 A	Compute $EV_A \& EV_B$ for given $CWC_A=10$, $CWC_B=20$, $\dot{\alpha}=0.75$, $EV_A=4 \& EV_B=8$ using encounter based routing. Suppose node A has 8 copies of Message M1 and 16 copies of message M2. How many copies of each messages node A transmits to Node B and node B Transmits to Node A?	4			
В	Compute the delivery predictability new values for $P_{A,B}P_{B,C}$, $P_{A,C}$ $P_{init} = 0.80$, $\beta = 0.20$ From/To <u>B</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> 0.65 0.35 <u>B</u> 0.5 0.5	3			
С	Find articulation points of given graph and derive different sub-graphs. Write pseudo code for ANBR protocol.	3			
	XXXXX				