

GANPAT UNIVERSITY
M. TECH SEM. II INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
REGULAR EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE: 2014
3IT201: Digital Image Processing

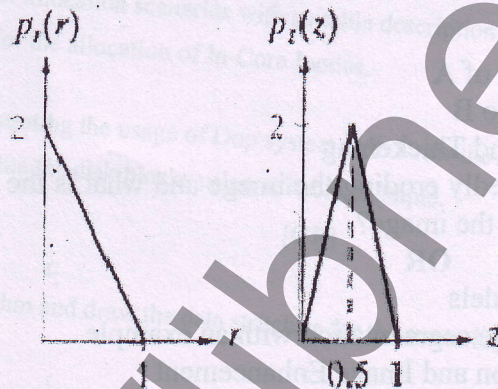
Time: 3 Hours]

[Total Marks: 70

- Instructions:** 1. Figures to the right indicate full marks of the question.
 2. All questions are compulsory.
 3. Each section should be written in a separate answer book.

SECTION: I

- Q:1. (a) An image with intensity in the range [0 1] has the input PDF $p_r(r)$ [7]
 and specified PDF $p_z(z)$ shown in below fig. Find the
 transformation that will accomplish this.



- (b) Develop an algorithm for converting a one pixel thick 8-path to a 4-path [5]
- OR**
- Q:1 (a) Suppose that a flat area with centre at (x_0, y_0) is illuminated by a light source with intensity distribution [4]

$$i(x, y) = K \cdot e^{[(x-x_0)^2 + (y-y_0)^2]}$$

Assume for simplicity that the reflectance of the area is constant and equal to 1.0 and let $k=255$. If the resulting image is digitized with k bits of intensity resolution and the eye can detect an abrupt change of eight shades of intensity between adjacent pixels, what value of k will cause visible false contouring?

- (b) Distinguish Dark, Bright, low contrast and High contrast image based on their histograms. [4]
- (c) Describe laplacian filters. [4]
- Q:2 (a) Show that a second pass of histogram equalization will produce exactly the same result. [4]

- (b) Derive Fourier transform of Impulse and Shifted impulse [5]
- (c) Describe Convolution briefly [2]

OR

- Q:2 (a) Show that Laplacian is isotropic. You will need the following equations relating coordinates for axis rotation by an angle θ [6]

$$x = x' \cos\theta - y' \sin\theta$$

$$y = x' \sin\theta + y' \cos\theta$$

Where (x, y) are unrotated coordinates and (x', y') are rotated coordinates

- (b) Define Histogram and Normalized Histogram [2]
 - (c) Describe Non-linear filters in brief. [3]
- Q:3 (a) Define Impulse, Ringing effect. and discuss various High pass filters. [6]
- (b) Elaborate the following keywords [6]
- (i) Contrast stretching (ii) Bi-Cubic Interpolation (iii) Brightness Adaptation and Simultaneous Contrast

SECTION: II

- Q:4 (a) Prove the following [6]
- (i) $A \circ B$ is a subset of A
 - (ii) $(A \circ B) \circ B = A \circ B$
- (b) Briefly describe Thinning and Thickening [4]
- (c) What is the effect of repeatedly eroding the image and what is the effect of repeatedly dilating the image? [2]

OR

- Q:4 (a) Elaborate various Noise models [8]
- (b) Discuss the purpose of Image segmentation with an example [2]
- (c) Distinguish Image restoration and Image Enhancement [2]
- Q:5 (a) Explain Moore boundary tracking algorithm with an example [3]
- (b) Derive Difference of Gaussians and show how does it approximate Laplacian of Gaussian? [5]
- (c) Define segmentation, its types and its purpose. [3]

OR

- Q:5 (a) Briefly explain Morphological watershed. [5]
- (b) Show Erosion operation with an example [2]
- (c) Explain Intensity thresholding. [4]
- Q:6 (a) Describe the solution of image segmentation with multiple thresholds through the of Otsu's method [6]
- (b) Explain the edge linking using Hough transformation. [6]

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